PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE ENROLLED ACT No. 1044

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-9-45 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]:

Chapter 45. Rockville Food and Beverage Tax

- Sec. 1. This chapter applies to the town of Rockville.
- Sec. 2. The definitions in IC 6-9-12-1 apply throughout this chapter.
- Sec. 3. (a) The fiscal body of the town may adopt an ordinance to impose an excise tax, known as the town food and beverage tax, on transactions described in section 4 of this chapter. The fiscal body of the town may adopt an ordinance under this subsection only after the fiscal body has previously held at least one (1) separate public hearing in which a discussion of the proposed ordinance to impose the town food and beverage tax is the only substantive issue on the agenda for the public hearing.
- (b) If the town fiscal body adopts an ordinance under subsection (a), the town fiscal body shall immediately send a certified copy of the ordinance to the department of state revenue.
- (c) If the town fiscal body adopts an ordinance under subsection (a), the town food and beverage tax applies to transactions that occur after the later of the following:



- (1) The day specified in the ordinance.
- (2) The last day of the month that succeeds the month in which the ordinance is adopted.
- Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this chapter applies to a transaction in which food or beverage is furnished, prepared, or served:
 - (1) for consumption at a location or on equipment provided by a retail merchant;
 - (2) in the town; and
 - (3) by a retail merchant for consideration.
- (b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions in which food or beverage is:
 - (1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
 - (2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
 - (3) made of two (2) or more food ingredients, mixed or combined by a retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3, subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne illnesses); or
 - (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or package used to transport the food).
- (c) The town food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of a food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent the transaction is exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.
 - Sec. 5. The town food and beverage tax rate:
 - (1) must be imposed in an increment of twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%); and
 - (2) may not exceed one percent (1%);
- of the gross retail income received by the merchant from the food or beverage transaction described in section 4 of this chapter. For purposes of this chapter, the gross retail income received by the retail merchant from a transaction does not include the amount of tax imposed on the transaction under IC 6-2.5.
- Sec. 6. A tax imposed under this chapter shall be imposed, paid, and collected in the same manner that the state gross retail tax is



imposed, paid, and collected under IC 6-2.5. However, the return to be filed with the payment of the tax imposed under this chapter may be made on a separate return or may be combined with the return filed for the payment of the state gross retail tax, as prescribed by the department of state revenue.

- Sec. 7. The amounts received from the tax imposed under this chapter shall be paid monthly by the treasurer of state to the town fiscal officer upon warrants issued by the auditor of state.
- Sec. 8. (a) If a tax is imposed under section 3 of this chapter by a town, the town fiscal officer shall establish a food and beverage tax receipts fund.
- (b) The town fiscal officer shall deposit in the fund all amounts received under this chapter.
- (c) Money earned from the investment of money in the fund becomes a part of the fund.
- Sec. 9. Money in the food and beverage tax receipts fund must be used by the town only for the following purposes:
 - (1) To reduce the town's property tax levy for a particular year at the discretion of the town, but this use does not reduce the maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5 for the town.
 - (2) For economic development purposes, including the pledge of money under IC 5-1-14-4 for bonds, leases, or other obligations for economic development purposes.
 - (3) For the following purposes:
 - (A) Storm water, sidewalk, street, park, and parking improvements necessary to support tourism in the town.
 - (B) Public safety.
 - (C) The pledge of money under IC 5-1-14-4 for bonds, leases, or other obligations incurred for a purpose described in clauses (A) through (B).

Revenue derived from the imposition of a tax under this chapter may be treated by the town as additional revenue for the purpose of fixing its budget for the budget year during which the revenues are to be distributed to the town.

Sec. 10. With respect to obligations for which a pledge has been made under section 9 of this chapter, the general assembly covenants with the holders of the obligations that this chapter will not be repealed or amended in a manner that will adversely affect the imposition or collection of the tax imposed under this chapter if the payment of any of the obligations is outstanding.

SECTION 2. IC 6-9-47.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE



AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015]:

Chapter 47.5. Orange County Food and Beverage Tax

- Sec. 1. This chapter applies to Orange County.
- Sec. 2. The definitions in IC 6-9-12-1 apply throughout this chapter.
- Sec. 3. (a) The fiscal body of the county may adopt an ordinance to impose an excise tax, known as the county food and beverage tax, on transactions described in section 4 of this chapter. The fiscal body of the county may adopt an ordinance under this subsection only after the fiscal body has previously held at least one (1) separate public hearing in which a discussion of the proposed ordinance to impose the county food and beverage tax is the only substantive issue on the agenda for the public hearing.
- (b) If the county fiscal body adopts an ordinance under subsection (a), the county fiscal body shall immediately send a certified copy of the ordinance to the department of state revenue.
- (c) If the county fiscal body adopts an ordinance under subsection (a), the county food and beverage tax applies to transactions that occur after the later of the following:
 - (1) The day specified in the ordinance.
 - (2) The last day of the month that succeeds the month in which the ordinance is adopted.
- Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this chapter applies to a transaction in which food or beverage is furnished, prepared, or served:
 - (1) for consumption at a location or on equipment provided by a retail merchant;
 - (2) in the county; and
 - (3) by a retail merchant for consideration.
- (b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions in which food or beverage is:
 - (1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
 - (2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
 - (3) made of two (2) or more food ingredients, mixed or combined by a retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3, subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne illnesses); or



- (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a plate does not include a container or package used to transport the food).
- (c) The county food and beverage tax does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of a food or beverage in the following transactions:
 - (1) A transaction that is exempt, or to the extent the transaction is exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.
 - (2) A transaction that occurs at a historic hotel (as defined in IC 4-33-2-11.1), the riverboat operated under IC4-33-6.5, and other properties operated in conjunction with the historic hotel enterprise located in Orange County, including golf courses.

Sec. 5. The county food and beverage tax rate:

- (1) must be imposed in an increment of twenty-five hundredths percent (0.25%); and
- (2) may not exceed one percent (1%);
- of the gross retail income received by the merchant from the food or beverage transaction described in section 4 of this chapter. For purposes of this chapter, the gross retail income received by the retail merchant from a transaction does not include the amount of tax imposed on the transaction under IC 6-2.5.
- Sec. 6. A tax imposed under this chapter shall be imposed, paid, and collected in the same manner that the state gross retail tax is imposed, paid, and collected under IC 6-2.5. However, the return to be filed with the payment of the tax imposed under this chapter may be made on a separate return or may be combined with the return filed for the payment of the state gross retail tax, as prescribed by the department of state revenue.
- Sec. 7. The amounts received from the tax imposed under this chapter shall be paid monthly by the treasurer of state to the county fiscal officer upon warrants issued by the auditor of state.
- Sec. 8. (a) If a tax is imposed under section 3 of this chapter by the county, the county fiscal officer shall establish a food and beverage tax receipts fund.
- (b) The county fiscal officer shall deposit in the fund all amounts received under this chapter.
- (c) Money earned from the investment of money in the fund becomes a part of the fund.



- Sec. 9. Money in the food and beverage tax receipts fund must be used by the county only for the following purposes:
 - (1) For economic development purposes, including the pledge of money under IC 5-1-14-4 for bonds, leases, or other obligations for economic development purposes.
 - (2) For the following purposes:
 - (A) Storm water, sidewalk, street, park, and parking improvements necessary to support tourism in the county.
 - (B) Public safety.
 - (C) The pledge of money under IC 5-1-14-4 for bonds, leases, or other obligations incurred for a purpose described in clauses (A) through (B).

Revenue derived from the imposition of a tax under this chapter may be treated by the county as additional revenue for the purpose of fixing its budget for the budget year during which the revenues are to be distributed to the county.

Sec. 10. With respect to obligations for which a pledge has been made under section 9 of this chapter, the general assembly covenants with the holders of the obligations that this chapter will not be repealed or amended in a manner that will adversely affect the imposition or collection of the tax imposed under this chapter if the payment of any of the obligations is outstanding.

SECTION 3. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) As used in this SECTION, "study committee" means either of the following:

- (1) A statutory committee established under IC 2-5.
- (2) An interim study committee established under IC 2-5-1.3-14.
- (b) The legislative council is urged to assign to the appropriate study committee the topic of whether a uniform food and beverage tax should be enacted into law to allow local governments to adopt such a tax.
- (c) If the topic described in subsection (b) is assigned to a study committee, the study committee shall issue a final report to the legislative council on the topic in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 not later than November 1, 2015.
 - (d) This SECTION expires January 1, 2016. SECTION 4. An emergency is declared for this act.



Speaker of the House of Representatives		
President of the Senate		
President Pro Tempore		
Governor of the State of Indiana		
Date:	Time:	

